### SOUTHLANDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 Arapahoe County, Colorado

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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Board of Directors Southlands Metropolitan District No. 2 Arapahoe County, Colorado

#### Independent Auditor's Report

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Southlands Metropolitan District No. 2 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Southlands Metropolitan District No. 2 as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Matters

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

The other information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Wipfli LLP

Lakewood, Colorado

Wippei LLP

June 28, 2023



#### SOUTHLANDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 697,955
Cash and Investments - Restricted	754,527
Prepaid Expense	24,310
Receivable from County Treasurer	4,801
Property Taxes Receivable	1,084,300
Capital Assets, Net	3,671,469
Total Assets	6,237,362
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Cost of Refunding	154,405
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	154,405
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	11,306
Accrued Interest Payable	15,883
Noncurrent Liabilities:	10,000
Due Within One Year	243,000
Due in More Than One Year	4,295,000
Total Liabilities	4,565,189
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	1,084,300
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,084,300
Total Deletted Iffliows of Resources	1,064,300
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(866,531)
Restricted For:	
Emergency Reserves	16,700
Debt Service	724,406
Unrestricted	867,703
Total Net Position	\$ 742,278

#### SOUTHLANDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position  Governmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental Activities: General Government Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt  Total Governmental Activities	\$ 703,394 228,361 \$ 931,755	\$ - - \$ -	\$ - - \$ -	\$ - - \$ -	\$ (703,394) (228,361) (931,755)
	GENERAL REVEI Property Taxes Specific Owners Net Investment I Total Gene	hip Taxes			1,029,718 65,010 29,456 1,124,184
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION			192,429
	Net Position - Beg	inning of Year			549,849
	NET POSITION -	END OF YEAR			\$ 742,278

## SOUTHLANDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General	Debt Service	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	 General	 <u>Jei vice</u>		i ulius
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Prepaid Expense Receivable from County Treasurer Property Taxes Receivable	\$ 697,955 16,700 24,310 2,339 537,323	\$ 737,827 - 2,462 546,977	\$	697,955 754,527 24,310 4,801 1,084,300
Total Assets	\$ 1,278,627	\$ 1,287,266	\$	2,565,893
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$ 11,306 11,306	\$ -	\$	11,306 11,306
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Tax Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 537,323 537,323	 546,977 546,977		1,084,300 1,084,300
FUND BALANCES  Nonspendable:	331,623	0.0,0		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Prepaid Expense Restricted For:	24,310	-		24,310
Emergency Reserves	16,700	-		16,700
Debt Service	-	740,289		740,289
Assigned To: Subsequent Year's Expenditures Unassigned:	96,499	-		96,499
General Government	 592,489			592,489
Total Fund Balances	729,998	740,289		1,470,287
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 1,278,627	\$ 1,287,266		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Capital Assets, Net				3,671,469
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are recorded as expenditures in the funds.  Cost of Refunding				154,405
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Loans Payable  Accrued Interest on Loans Payable				(4,538,000) (15,883)
Net Position of Governmental Activities			.\$	742,278
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## SOUTHLANDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	(	General	;	Debt Service	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	494,606	\$	520,638	\$	1,015,244
Specific Ownership Taxes		31,672		33,338		65,010
Net Investment Income		13,109		16,347		29,456
SARIA Revenue		14,474				14,474
Total Revenues		553,861		570,323		1,124,184
EXPENDITURES						
General:						
Accounting		20,975		-		20,975
Audit		4,000		-		4,000
County Treasurer's Fees		7,419		7,810		15,229
County Treasurer's Fees (SARIA)		217		-		217
Detention Pond		2,998		-		2,998
Directors' Fees		1,200		-		1,200
District Management		36,966		-		36,966
Dues and Membership		643		-		643
Election		2,205		-		2,205
Insurance		21,491		-		21,491
Legal		20,371		-		20,371
Landscape Architect		22,677		-		22,677
Landscape Maintenance and Irrigation		37,319		-		37,319
Landscape Renovation		180		-		180
Repairs and Maintenance		13,671		-		13,671
Snow Removal		5,212		-		5,212
Street Lighting		1,740		-		1,740
Tree Replacement/Arborist/Tree Care Program		26,485		-		26,485
Utilities		28,670		-		28,670
Payroll Taxes		92		-		92
Payment to SARIA		14,256		-		14,256
Monument		41,322		-		41,322
Miscellaneous/Contingency		3,026		-		3,026
Debt Service:						
Loan Principal - Series 2018A		-		118,000		118,000
Loan Interest - Series 2018A		-		91,644		91,644
Loan Principal - Series 2018B		-		116,000		116,000
Loan Interest - Series 2018B				108,780		108,780
Total Expenditures		313,135		442,234		755,369
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		240,726		128,089		368,815
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		489,272		612,200		1,101,472
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	729,998	\$	740,289	\$	1,470,287

## SOUTHLANDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 368,815
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over	
the estimated useful life of the asset.	39,589
Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense	(429,848)
Long-term debt (e.g., bonds, developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows:	
Principal Payment - Series 2018A Loan	118,000 116,000
Principal Payment - Series 2018B Loan  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current	110,000
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	040
Accrued Interest on Bonds - Change in Liability Amortization of Cost of Refunding	819 (20,946)
	 ,
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 192,429

# SOUTHLANDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

REVENUES	а	Original nd Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Property Taxes	\$	494,622	\$	494,606	\$	(16)	
Specific Ownership Taxes	Ψ	34,624	Ψ	31,672	Ψ	(2,952)	
Net Investment Income		300		13,109		12,809	
SARIA Revenue		14,474		14,474		12,000	
Total Revenues		544,020		553,861	-	9,841	
EXPENDITURES							
Accounting		25,000		20,975		4,025	
Audit		4,000		4,000		-	
County Treasurer's Fees		7,419		7,419		-	
County Treasurer's Fees (SARIA)		217		217		-	
Detention Pond		100,000		2,998		97,002	
Directors' Fees		1,500		1,200		300	
District Management		45,000		36,966		8,034	
Dues and Membership		1,000		643		357	
Election		3,000		2,205		795	
Insurance		25,000		21,491		3,509	
Legal		38,000		20,371		17,629	
Landscape Architect		30,000		22,677		7,323	
Landscape Maintenance and Irrigation		70,000		37,319		32,681	
Landscape Renovation		10,000		180		9,820	
Payroll Taxes		100		92		8	
Payment to SARIA		14,257		14,256		1	
Street Repairs and Striping		30,000		-		30,000	
Repairs and Maintenance		25,000		13,671		11,329	
Security		30,000		-		30,000	
Snow Removal		10,000		5,212		4,788	
Street Lighting		10,000		1,740		8,260	
Utilities		22,000		28,670		(6,670)	
Miscellaneous/Contingency		8,507		3,026		5,481	
Murphy Creek Trail		50,000		-		50,000	
Monument		100,000		41,322		58,678	
Tree Replacement/Arborist/Tree Care Program		35,000		26,485		8,515	
Total Expenditures		695,000		313,135		381,865	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(150,980)		240,726		391,706	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		392,244		489,272		97,028	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	241,264	\$	729,998	\$	488,734	

#### NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Southlands Metropolitan District No. 2 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation, and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized on November 18, 2002, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District's service area is located in the city of Aurora (the City), Arapahoe County, Colorado. The District was organized to provide financing for the design, acquisition, construction and installation of essential public-purpose facilities, such as water, streets, traffic and safety controls, parks, open space and recreation, sewer and drainage facilities, and the operation and maintenance of the District.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

#### **Budgets**

In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and other financing uses and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Pooled Cash and Investments**

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets, net of related debt component of the District's net position.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed capital assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives:

Streets	20 Years
Sanitary Sewer	50 Years
Parks and Recreation Improvements	20 Years
Playground Equipment	15 Years

#### **Facilities Fees**

A facilities fee in the amount of \$15,246 per gross acre is charged against all real property within the District. The facilities fee is due at the time of issuance of a building permit by the City of Aurora for development. The facilities fee constitutes a statutory and perpetual lien upon the property until paid.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Cost of Bond Refunding**

In the government-wide financial statements, the deferred cost of refunding is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the new debt. The amortization amount is a component of interest expense and the unamortized deferred cost is reflected as a deferred outflow of resources.

#### **Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *cost of refunding*, is deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period that the amount is incurred.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

#### Equity

#### **Net Position**

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Equity (Continued)**

#### Fund Balance (Continued)

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 697,955
Cash and Investments - Restricted	754,527
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,452,482

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 28,003
Investments	 1,424,479
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,452,482

#### **Deposits with Financial Institutions**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Deposits with Financial Institutions (Continued)**

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and a carrying balance of \$28,003.

#### **Investments**

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (\*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	Amount
COLOTRUST	Weighted-Average	
	Under 60 Days	\$ 1,424,479

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

#### NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022 follows:

	De	Balance cember 31, 2021	lr	ncreases	Decre	eases	De	Balance ecember 31, 2022
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:		_						
Streets	\$	4,846,804	\$	_	\$	_	\$	4,846,804
Sanitary Sewer	Ψ	271,905	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	271,905
Playground Equipment		378,560		_		_		378,560
Park and Recreation Improvements		3,119,046		39,589		_		3,158,635
Total Capital Assets,		0,110,010		00,000				3,100,000
Being Depreciated		8,616,315		39,589		-		8,655,904
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Streets		(2,726,329)		(242,340)		-		(2,968,669)
Sanitary Sewer		(61,178)		(5,438)		-		(66,616)
Playground Equipment		(12,619)		(25,237)		-		(37,856)
Park and Recreation Improvements		(1,754,461)		(156,833)		-		(1,911,294)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(4,554,587)		(429,848)				(4,984,435)
Total Capital Assets,								
Being Depreciated, Net		4,061,728		(390,259)				3,671,469
Capital Assets, Net	\$	4,061,728	\$	(390,259)	\$	-	\$	3,671,469

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

General Government

\$ 429,848

#### NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	_	Balance at ecember 31, 2021	A	dditions	Retirement of Long-Term Obligations		Balance at ecember 31, 2022	ember 31, With	
Refunding Loan - Series 2018A Refunding Loan -	\$	2,182,000	\$	-	\$	118,000	\$ 2,064,000	\$	123,000
Series 2018B Total	\$	2,590,000 4,772,000	\$	-	\$	116,000 234,000	\$ 2,474,000 4,538,000	\$	120,000 243,000

#### NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

#### Series 2018 Refunding Loan

On April 13, 2018, the District refunded its General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010A and Limited Tax Obligation Subordinate Bonds, Series 2010B, by the issuance of \$2,510,000 Taxable (convertible to tax-exempt on December 1, 2020) Refunding Loan, Series 2018A, and \$3,181,000 Tax-Exempt Refunding Loan, Series 2018B. The Series 2018A Loan is due December 1, 2035, at interest rates of 5.200% through December 1, 2020 and 4.200% through December 1, 2035. The Series 2018B Loan is due December 1, 2035, at an interest rate of 4.200%. The proceeds of the Series 2018A Loan were used to establish an irrevocable trust account (the Refunding Escrow) to refund the Series 2010A Bonds on December 1, 2020, which is the date they may be redeemed prior to their maturity. The proceeds of the Series 2018B Loan were used to pay the principal and interest on the Series 2010B Bonds at the call date of April 13, 2018.

Interest payments on the Series 2018A Loan and the Series 2018B Loan (collectively, the Loan) are due June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing June 1, 2018. All interest due and payable shall be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year of 12 30-day months. Interest not paid when due shall compound on each June 1 and December 1 at the then-applicable interest rate. The District may prepay all or part of the principal of the Loan coming due on any December 1, upon two business days' prior written notice to NBH Bank (the Lender) of the amount of such prepayment, plus payment of the applicable prepayment fee, if any, in minimum increments of \$500,000. A prepayment fee may be due as a condition of such prepayment, which shall be calculated pursuant to the Loan Agreement.

The Loan is payable from Pledged Revenues, including the District's covenant to levy the required mill levy on all taxable property within the District to pay for debt service payments as well as a portion of specific ownership taxes collected by the District as a result of the imposition of the required mill levy; and other legally available moneys which the Board determines in its sole discretion. Required mill levy means an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property of the District each year in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Loan when due, and if necessary, an amount sufficient to fund or replenish the Reserve Fund to the amount of \$517,277 (the Maximum Reserve Fund Amount). For so long as the Reserve Fund is less than the Maximum Reserve Fund Amount, such mill levy shall not be less than 50.000 mills (subject to adjustment for changes occurring in the method of calculating assessed valuation). The maximum required mill levy has been adjusted upwards to 55.277 mills.

#### NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### Series 2018 Refunding Loan (Continued)

#### Unused lines of credit

The Series 2018 Loan does not have any unused lines of credit.

#### Collateral

No assets have been pledged as collateral on the Series 2018 Loan.

#### **Events of default**

Events of default occur if the District fails to impose the Required Mill Levy, or to apply the Pledged Revenues as required by the Loan Agreement, and does not comply with the covenants, agreements, or conditions as described in the Loan Agreement.

#### Termination events

The Series 2018 Loan is not subject to early termination.

#### Acceleration

The Series 2018 Loan is not subject to acceleration.

The District's Series 2018A Loan principal and interest will mature as follows:

	Governmental Activities									
Year Ending December 31,		Principal			Interest			Total		
2023	\$	123,000		\$	86,688		\$	209,688		
2024		128,000			81,522			209,522		
2025		133,000			76,146			209,146		
2026		139,000			70,560			209,560		
2027		144,000			64,722			208,722		
2028-2032		818,000			227,378			1,045,378		
2033-2035		579,000			49,308			628,308		
Total	\$	2,064,000		\$	656,324	·	\$	2,720,324		

The District's Series 2018B Loan principal and interest will mature as follows:

	Governmental Activities								
Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest			Total		
2023	\$	120,000	\$	\$ 103,908			223,908		
2024		134,000		98,868			232,868		
2025		140,000		93,240			233,240		
2026		155,000		87,360			242,360		
2027		162,000		80,850			242,850		
2028-2032		1,001,000		291,522			1,292,522		
2033-2035		762,000		65,310			827,310		
Total	\$	2,474,000	\$	821,058	-	\$	3,295,058		

#### NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Authorized Debt**

On November 5, 2002 a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$48,400,000. On November 2, 2004, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$485,000,000. At December 31, 2022, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Amount	Amount	Authorization	Authorization	A 4la a a . d	
	Authorized on	Authorized on	Used for	Used for	Authorized	
	November 5,	November 2,	Series 2010	Series 2018	But	
	2002	2004	Bonds	Loan	Unissued	
Streets	\$ 11,650,000	\$ 40,000,000	\$ 3,023,000	\$ -	\$ 48,627,000	
Water	580,000	40,000,000	-	-	40,580,000	
Sanitary Sewer	3,890,000	40,000,000	154,000	-	43,736,000	
Parks and Recreation	6,855,000	40,000,000	1,947,000	-	44,908,000	
Mosquito Control	-	40,000,000	-	-	40,000,000	
Fire Protection	-	40,000,000	-	-	40,000,000	
Television Relay	-	40,000,000	-	-	40,000,000	
Public Transportation	2,245,000	40,000,000	-	-	42,245,000	
Safety Protection	780,000	40,000,000	-	-	40,780,000	
Operations and Maintenance	-	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000	
Intergovernmental Contracts	-	40,000,000	-	-	40,000,000	
Public Improvements:						
Operations and Maintenance	-	40,000,000	-	-	40,000,000	
Debt Refunding	22,400,000	40,000,000		752,000	61,648,000	
Total	\$ 48,400,000	\$ 485,000,000	\$ 5,124,000	\$ 752,000	\$ 527,524,000	

#### NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital position, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following net investment in capital assets, calculated as follows:

	Activities			
Net Investment in Capital Assets:				
Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,671,469		
Less: Capital Related Debt				
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations		(243,000)		
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations		(4,295,000)		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	(866,531)		

#### NOTE 6 NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

The restricted component of net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position at December 31, 2022, as follows:

		Governmental Activities				
Restricted Net Position:						
Emergency Reserves	Ç	\$	16,700			
Debt Service			724,406			
Total Restricted Net Position	Ç	\$	741,106			

The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

#### NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS

#### **District IGA**

The District and Southlands Metropolitan District No. 1 (District No. 1) entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement dated June 30, 2004, and amended pursuant to a first amendment dated December 7, 2004, and second amendment dated August 24, 2007 (the District IGA), concerning the manner in which the Districts are to coordinate the financing, construction, operation and maintenance of facilities contemplated in the Service Plans to comply with certain requirements of their respective Service Plans.

The District IGA acknowledges commencement of financing for the initial phase of improvements (as defined in the Service Plan) by both the District and District No. 1 and sets forth the agreement of the Districts with respect to the equitable allocation of costs associated with certain regional improvements, including improvements to Aurora Parkway, Smoky Hill Road, and certain bridge widening and landscape improvements (Regional Improvements).

#### South Aurora Regional Improvement Authority Establishment Agreement

On July 10, 2017, the District entered into the South Aurora Regional Improvement Authority Establishment Agreement (SARIA IGA) between the District, the City, and other unrelated metropolitan districts (collectively, the Parties) to form the South Aurora Regional Improvement Authority (the Authority). The Authority was organized for the purpose of planning, designing, constructing, installing, acquiring, relocating, redeveloping and financing the Regional Improvements designated in ARI Master Plans.

The Authority is authorized to provide for the planning, design, acquisition, construction, installation, relocation and/or redevelopment of Regional Improvements from the ARI Mill Levy, and/or the proceeds of revenue bonds to be issued by the Authority or may delegate and assign those rights and responsibilities to individual Parties.

#### NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### South Aurora Regional Improvement Authority Establishment Agreement (Continued)

Each of the Districts which are Parties to this Agreement agree that the Authority may fund its operations with the ARI Mill Levy revenues transferred to the Authority. The amount of money necessary to fund the operations of the Authority shall be determined each year as a part of the budget process.

On December 8, 2017, the Parties to the SARIA IGA approved the South Aurora Regional Improvement Authority ARI Master Plan No. 1 (ARI Master Plan No. 1). On June 15, 2018, the Parties to the SARIA IGA approved the South Aurora Regional Improvement Authority ARI Master Plan No. 2 (ARI Master Plan No. 2) which supersedes ARI Master Plan No. 1. ARI Master Plan No. 2 prioritizes regional improvement projects within the Authority.

On October 2, 2018, the Districts entered into the First Amendment to the SARIA IGA primarily to confirm that each of the Parties to the SARIA IGA have made their initial contributions to the Authority and to allow for the transfer of the District's ARI Mill Levy to either the Authority or the Bond Trustee designated by the Authority in writing.

Upon approval of an ARI Master Plan by the Authority and the District, the financial obligations of the District is to remit the ARI Mill Levy to the Authority hereunder shall be a multiple fiscal year financial obligation of the District, payable from ad valorem property taxes, net of County Treasurer's fees, generated as a result of the certification by the District of the ARI Mill Levy. From and after the date of each District's approval of the ARI Master Plans, the District's ARI Mill Levy, as limited hereby, is pledged to the punctual payment of the obligations of the Authority with respect to the Authority's revenue bonds or other financial obligations.

#### NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

#### NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 5, 2002, the District voters passed an election question allowing the District to increase property taxes by \$630,000 annually, then increased the amount to \$5,000,000 during the November 2, 2004, election, without limitation of rate, to pay the District's operations, maintenance and other expenses.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# SOUTHLANDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	а	Original nd Final Budget	Actual Amounts			
REVENUES	•	500.055	•	500.000	•	(47)
Property Taxes	\$	520,655	\$	520,638	\$	(17)
Specific Ownership Taxes		36,446		33,338		(3,108)
Net Investment Income		600		16,347		15,747
Total Revenues		557,701		570,323		12,622
EXPENDITURES						
County Treasurer's Fees		7,810		7,810		-
Loan Principal - Series 2018A		118,000		118,000		-
Loan Interest - Series 2018A		91,644		91,644		-
Loan Principal - Series 2018B		116,000		116,000		-
Loan Interest - Series 2018B		108,780		108,780		-
Contingency		7,766		· -		7,766
Total Expenditures		450,000		442,234		7,766
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		107,701		128,089		20,388
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		612,157		612,200		43
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	719,858	\$	740,289	\$	20,431

**OTHER INFORMATION - UNAUDITED** 

#### SOUTHLANDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Prior
Year Assessed
Valuation
for Current

Year Ended		or Current	Mills L	aviad		Total Prop	orty.	Tayoo	Percentage	
December 31,	1 ,		General	Debt Service			Collected		Collected	
2018	\$	11,437,465	34.271	55.277	\$	1,024,202	\$	1,016,078	99.21 %	
2019		11,536,632	34.271	55.277		1,033,082		1,020,334	98.77	
2020		12,734,228	34.112	45.000		1,007,430		949,369	94.24	
2021		12,323,017	39.112	40.000		974,899		974,899	100.00	
2022		13,016,367	39.112	40.000		1,029,751		1,029,718	99.99	
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,										
2023	\$	13,674,434	39.294	40.000	\$	1,084,300				

NOTE: Property taxes shown as collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes or abatements of property taxes assessed in prior years. This presentation does not attempt to identify specific years of assessment.

#### **SOUTHLANDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2** SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY **DECEMBER 31, 2022**

\$2,510,000 Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) Refunding Loan Series 2018A Dated April 13, 2018 Principal due December 1 Interest Rate 4.2000% to 5.200% Payable

\$3,181,000 Tax-Exempt Refunding Loan Series 2018B Dated April 13, 2018 Principal due December 1 Interest Rate 4.2000% Payable

Year Ending	J	une 1 a	ne 1 and December 1 Ju						ne 1 and December 1			
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total	
2023	\$ 123,000	\$	86,688	\$	209,688	\$	120,000	\$	103,908	\$	223,908	
2024	128,000		81,522		209,522		134,000		98,868		232,868	
2025	133,000		76,146		209,146		140,000		93,240		233,240	
2026	139,000		70,560		209,560		155,000		87,360		242,360	
2027	144,000		64,722		208,722		162,000		80,850		242,850	
2028	151,000		58,674		209,674		177,000		74,046		251,046	
2029	157,000		52,322		209,322		184,000		66,612		250,612	
2030	163,000		45,738		208,738		202,000		58,884		260,884	
2031	170,000		38,892		208,892		210,000		50,400		260,400	
2032	177,000		31,752		208,752		228,000		41,580		269,580	
2033	185,000		24,318		209,318		237,000		32,004		269,004	
2034	193,000		16,548		209,548		257,000		22,050		279,050	
2035	 201,000		8,442		209,442		268,000		11,256		279,256	
Total	\$ 2,064,000	\$	656,324	\$	2,720,324	\$	2,474,000	\$	821,058	\$	3,295,058	

#### SOUTHLANDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Total									
Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest	Total					
2023	\$	243,000	\$	190,596	\$	433,596				
2024		262,000		180,390		442,390				
2025		273,000		169,386		442,386				
2026		294,000		157,920		451,920				
2027		306,000		145,572		451,572				
2028		328,000		132,720		460,720				
2029		341,000		118,934		459,934				
2030		365,000		104,622		469,622				
2031		380,000		89,292		469,292				
2032		405,000		73,332		478,332				
2033		422,000		56,322		478,322				
2034		450,000		38,598		488,598				
2035		469,000		19,698		488,698				
Total	\$	4,538,000	\$	1,477,382	\$	6,015,382				